

Stephen Phillips

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Invasive Species Update



September 9, 2024 PSMFC 77th Annual Meeting Monterey, California



PSMFC Aquatic Invasive Species Program Since 1999

Main Species of Concern: Zebra and Quagga Mussels

Talk Outline

1. 2023 Annual Meeting Resolution: 2023- O - Aquatic Invasive Species Treatment Tracking (zebra/quagga focus)

Through October 31, 2028, PSMFC will work with member states to track and report back on treatment efficacy of aquatic invasive species eradication or management efforts, so that member states can learn from ongoing efforts.

- 2. European Green Crab
- 3. Hawaii: The cryptogenic macroalgal invader *Chondria tumulosa* @ *Papahānaumokuākea Marine National Monument.*



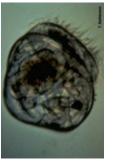


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Multi-Agency Quagga/Zebra Monitoring

(Veligers, eDNA, Visual)

https://www.westernais.org/monitoring







- 2023: \$2.3 Million spent on monitoring
- 2024/25 \$3.4 Million (because of ID Snake River find)
- Funding Source: USACE "WRDA" APC Watercraft Inspection & Decontamination Program w/state 50% match





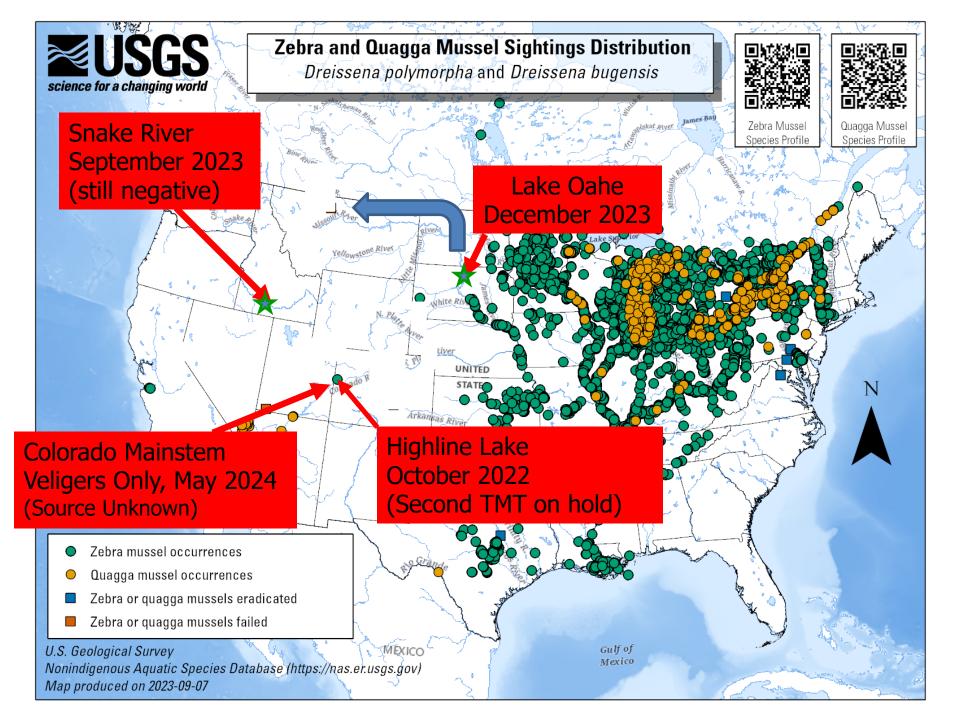
Canyon Ferry - Hellgate Campground Aquatic Invasive Species Decontamination Station

Montana FWP: "Live" Mussel Boat Intercepted (8/27/24)

Wibaux, Montana inspection station intercepted a mussel fouled pontoon. The boat was last in Vineyard Lake, MI **8/23/24** and was in water for 2 months. The boat was heading to Spokane, WA with intentions of **launching on the Columbia River.**

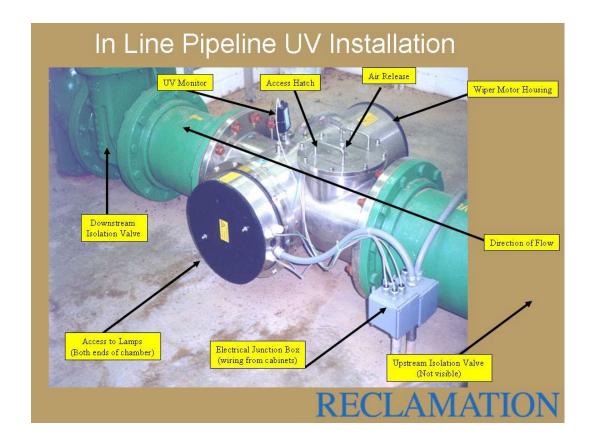






MUSSEL MANAGEMENT

In <u>closed</u> systems we can control mussels – chemicals (copper,chlorine), filters, and UV such as Hoover Dam raw water lines -- **\$\$\$\$**



MUSSEL MANAGEMENT: ERADICATION

Snake River, Twin Falls <u>Fabulous</u> Eradication – An outlier?, no ESA listed species, no anadromous salmonids..emergency ESA/consultation went smoothly for <u>downstream</u> listed snail species

In open systems, lakes, reservoirs, and rivers eradicating mussels needs to consider complicating factors such as Moving water, water chemistry, and size of the treatment area for the chemical application

Must treat it early at the source (e.g. a marina) ...manageable treatment size

Permitting Approval (ESA) for chemical application – ID had a registered copper product for mussel control (Natrix) and got swift USFWS Emergency approval

Anadromous Zone... Potash (KCL) – less lethal to salmonids ... NMFS less nervous ...but KCL needs more contact time

Non-Anadromous Zone –Copper preferred, less time – but are there bull trout, listed snails ? Tribal/NGO concerns on take of fish/ 5 foot sturgeon?



THE SNAKE RIVER IN THE HELLS CANYON COMPLEX



What if ? Drano Lake Example: The million \$ question – Do we have a salmon "take" if there is a chance for eradication?

- Popular fishing site, hatchery,
 - <u>Narrow</u> Treatment Window
 - ESA listed chum & Chinook
 - Enclosable
 - Copper?? Potash??
 - hmmmmm

Waterbody

Billmeyer Quarry, PA

Goal	EPE
Pre-treatment Monitoring	DS
Treatment Year	2017
	Hide 12 hidden fields ^
Product	EarthTec QZ
Treatment Area (ha) (% of waterbody)	5.99 (50%)
Treatment Duration (days)	37.00
Treatment depth	Multiple
Barrier Use (Y/N)	Νο
Non-target monitoring	Phyto Fish Zoop
Environmental/Water Chemistry	Alk Cu DO Hard Temp
Post-treatment monitoring	eDNA Vel Wade

Mussel Eradication – Successful Examples

Numerous Attempts of Eradication over the years, mostly failed

Successful Eradications:

- 2006: Millbrook Quarry, VA, 12 acres (KCL)
- 2011: Lake Zorinsky, Omaha, NE, 225 acres (drawdown, desiccation freezing)
- 2014: Lake Waco, Texas (2014): impermeable benthic barrier (polyvinyl chloride) covering 3,900 m2 (example of getting it early)
- 2017: Billmeyer Quarry, Bainbridge, PA 29 acres Earthtek (copper)

Mussel Eradication

2023, Snake River, Twin Falls Idaho



Single Adult Mussel, Snake River 2023

Monitoring is Negative so far in 2024 with ~ two months of monitoring season left



USACE Cost Share (Rapid Response): PSMFC helped develop the content for the Corps Biological Assessment for the state of Idaho to (eventually) recoup \$ 1.1 million of the Snake River Eradication costs...March 2025 (waiting on USFWS approval)

WDFW also will is receiving funds this year for rapid response preparedness

We will need significant funds in the future years ...but states are match-limited

Water Resources Development Act 2024

USACE/PSMFC "WRDA" Watercraft Inspection/monitoring/rapid response is a 50% / 50% cost-share program

FY 2025 \$14 Million program (OR, WA, ID, MT, WY, and NV) of PSMFC managed projectsother non psmfc states too: ND, SD, UT and CO

Goal: Change To cost-share 75% / 25% in 2024 WRDA

States are match limited, a change to match = \$ millions more for states

Senate language (S.4367): 65%/35% (Merkley)

House language (H.R.8812): A little more complicated

(c) Priority projects.—The Secretary shall make a determination under section 103(m) of the WRDA of 1986, ...of the ability to pay of the non-Federal interest for the following projects: (**Watercraft Cost-Share program**) ...

European Green Crab AKA "Five Spine"

(Carcinus maenas)

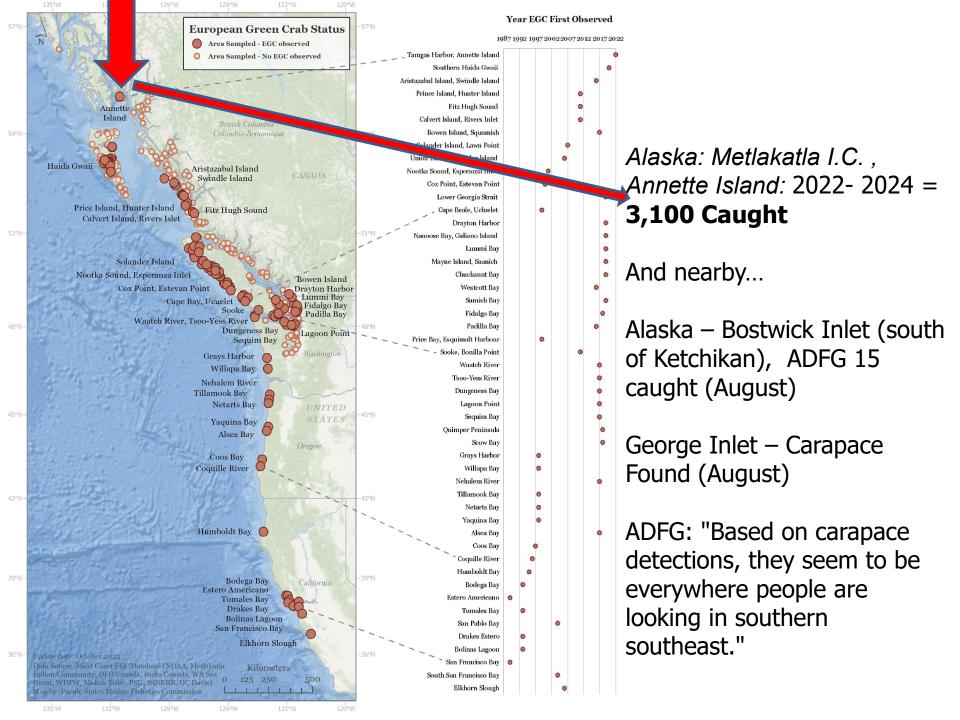


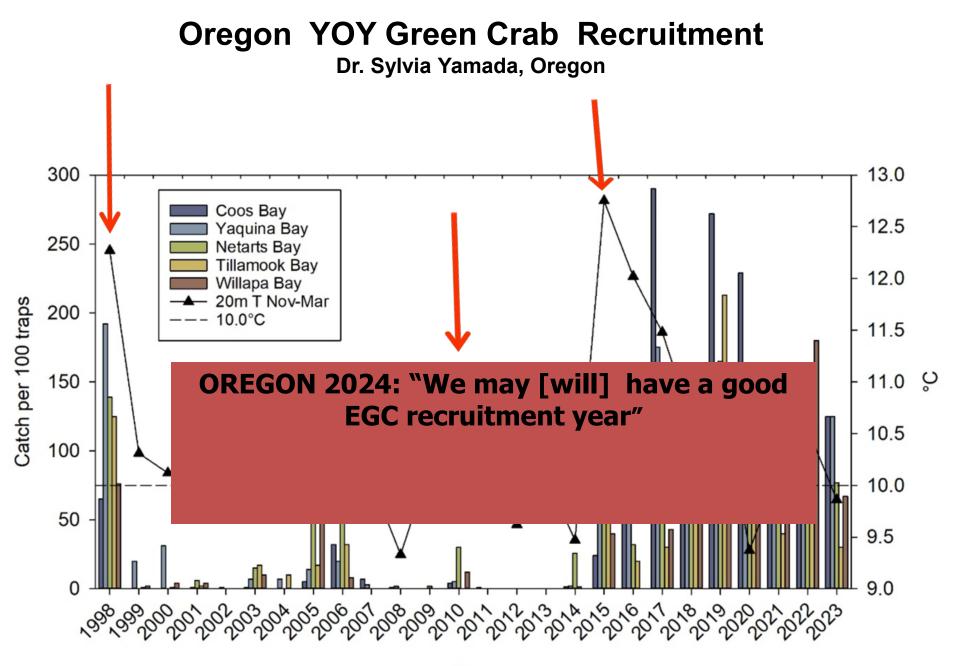
They prey on clams, oysters, mussels, "potentially" compete with Dungeness crab; can decimate eelgrass beds

Range expansion during <u>el Niño / positive</u> <u>PDO</u> years ...population BOOMING...or tail end of boom ?? La <u>Niña cometh?</u> EGC Here to Stay?

Control of Green Crab

- Functional eradication: will massive trapping in WA work in the long term, trap in perpetuity ??
- Pheromones...Jury out on effectiveness, still worth investigating
- OSU Magnetized trap experiment... negative
- Market it ? Niche

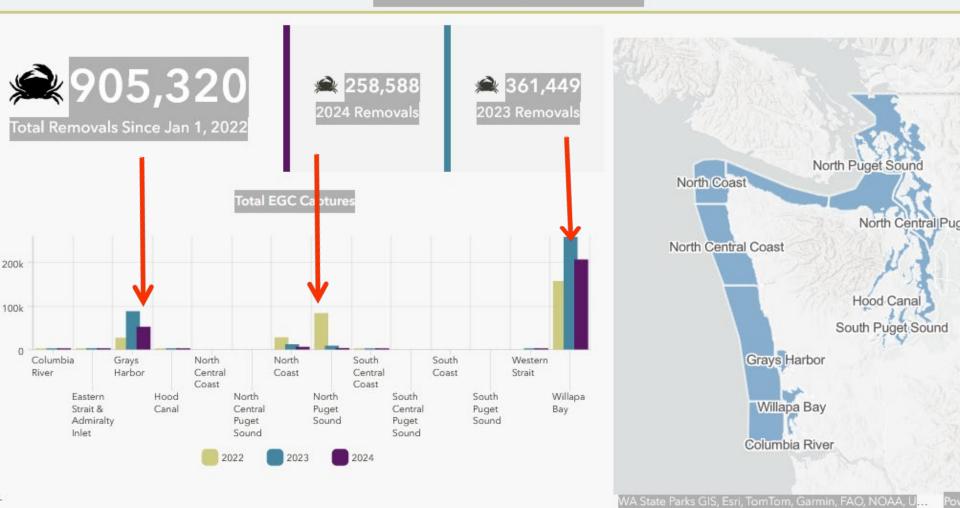




Year

WASHINGTON (Source: WDFW)

Total EGC Removed to Date



Data Last Updated on 08/14/24, 3:8 PM

Chondria tumulosa (Hawaii)

Cryptogenic Invasive Red Algae

In 2019 found at the Papahānaumokuākea Marine National Monument.

Mats were found stretching for the length of football fields and smothering the native corals. Not only were colorful corals not in sight; none of the usual grazing fishes, such as parrotfish, were nearby.



<u>https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/news/jul20/newly-named-nuisance-alga-</u> <u>chondria-tumulosa.html</u>



Thank You!

Questions?

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Thank You!

Questions?

PSMFC AIS WEBSITE: WWW.WESTERNAIS.ORG











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ZEBRA/QUAGGA MUSSEL (AKA Dreissenids) FACTS

- Zebra /Quagga Mussels were introduced into the Great Lakes in the 1980's via contaminated ballast water from Europe, 2007 were discovered in Lake Mead
- Uninfested western states are NM, MT, OR, ID?, WA, WY, and AK, No. Calif.
- Can live out of water for up to two weeks move by attaching to watercraft/equipment (adults) or by contaminated water (downstream flow) (larvae AKA "veligers")
- Significant Biofouler: Mussels will colonize surfaces of equipment conveyances using raw water – Navigation buoys, irrigation pipes, trash racks, fish screens, fish ladders
- Forms thick mats up to <u>750,000</u> per square meter (Lake Mead 50,000+)
- Filters enormous amounts of algae, disrupting the food chain, impacting water quality (e.g. increase in blue green algae blooms {cyanobacteria}, linked to crash of Lake Huron salmon population)
- Impossible to eradicate at this time in large water bodies (e.g. CRB Reservoirs)





Trash Racks – Hoover Dam Circa 2010

Cooler Unit w/Mussel Biofouling Ontario Hydro Early 1990's

Salmon Impacts in the Basin: Mussel Fouling Threat



Travelling Fish Screens Bonneville Dam



Fish Ladder, Bonneville Dam



Carson National Fish Hatchery

Mussel Eradication – Pending

2024 Clear Lake, Riding Mountain National Park, Manitoba 40 adults found

August 2024: Two kilometer barrier is in place ...will they pull the trigger with Potash ???



(Photo courtesy of Parks Canada. /Winnipeg Sun)

Mussel Eradication

2023, Snake River, Twin Falls Idaho



Monitoring is Negative so Far in 2024 with ~ two months of monitoring season left

USACE Cost Share (Rapid Response): PSMFC developed the content for the Corps Biological Assessment for the state of Idaho to recoup \$ 1.1 million in the Snake River Eradication, USFWS is reviewing, likely will be approved, Idaho can expect a **USACE** check in March 2025

WDFW also will re receiving funds this year

We continue to seek a Programmatic Biological Opinion for Q/Z eradication (difficult, until then we are in an emergency consultation model)

We do have a white paper out on Programmatic Biological Opinion for mussel control In the CRBit could be modeled after fire response ...see <u>https://www.westernais.org/rapid-response..see</u>:

<u>Preparing for CRB Dreissenid Eradication and Control Efforts - A Decadal Journey and</u> <u>Key Next Steps</u>