# Exxon Valdez Oil Spill: Long Term persistence and and Long term effects

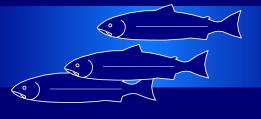
Looking back after 20 years

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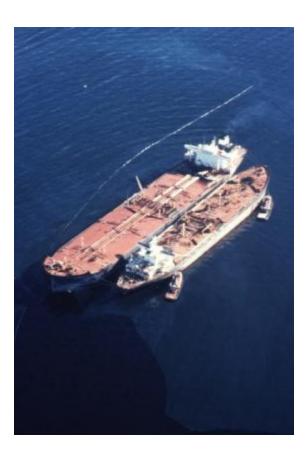


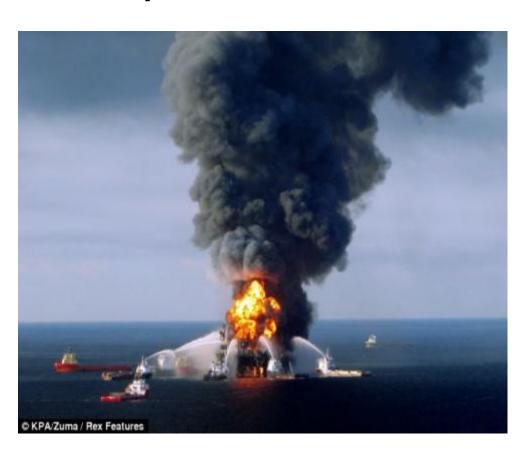
#### **Comparisons & Lessons Learned**



Exxon Valdez - 1989

**Deepwater Horizon 2010** 

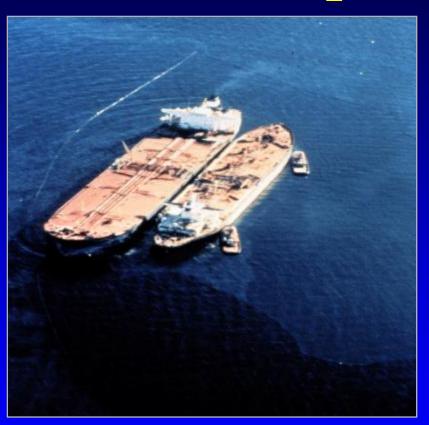




**Bottom Line:** 

What did we learn with EV that informs DWH spill?

## For Alaskans, the oil spill is NOT over!



Exxon Valdez
Oil Spill
1989

When will the spill be over?

## The Spill will be over when:



- 1. No more litigation
- 2. No more oil
- 3. No more Effects

## The Spill will be over when:



- 1. No more litigation
- 2. No more oil
- 3. No more Effects

Right Now- 0 for 3

## The Spill will be over when:



"No more litigation"

2 or 3 law suits settled,

- 1991 natural resource settlement
- 1995 civil case
- 3. Reopener clausepending



First: quick comparison of both spill events

PWS Exxon Valdez
Oil spill

**GOM Deepwater Horizon Oil spill** 

**Second:** 5 big wows from the Exxon Valdez spill



First: Quick comparison of both spill events

PWS Exxon Valdez
Oil spill

GOM Deepwater Horizon
Oil spill

No two spill events are the same



#### First: Quick comparison of both spill events

PWS Exxon Valdez
Oil spill

**GOM Deepwater Horizon Oil spill** 

#### No two spill events are the same

	Event	
	scale	
11 M Gal	Volume of oil	250 M Gal
3 day	first land fall	40 day
Viscous	Oil chemistry	Light thin
NO	Dispersants	1 M Gal
NO	Burning	Yes
NO	Skimming	Yes
3	Politics	85
NO	Skimming	Yes



#### First: Quick comparison of both spill events

## PWS Exxon Valdez Oil spill

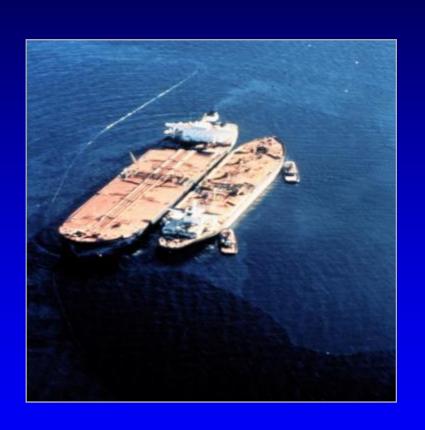
## GOM Deepwater Horizon Oil spill

No two spill events are the same

\$1 B settlement Most studied spill, ever

?

?



**Spill Event** 

Long Term persistence

**Long term Effects** 

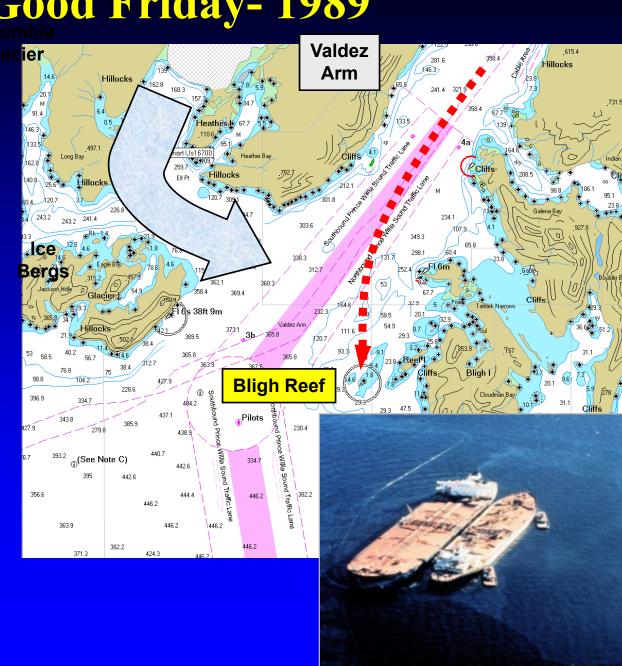
Good Friday- 1989

Exxon Valdez -

Goes off course

**Grounds out on Bligh Reef** 

8 of 11 **Cargo Tanks** are "torn open"







## Highest priority- liter remaining cargo off



**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 24, 1989

**Day One** 

- **53** particles/sq mile
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
  ~1,100 gallons of oil
  (twenty 55 gallon drums)

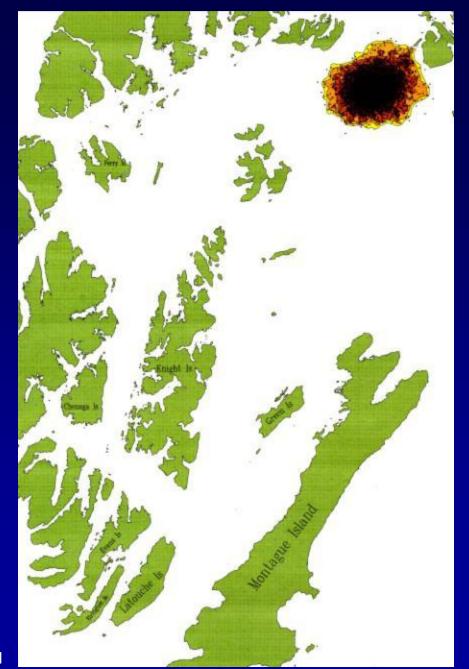


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 25, 1989

**Day Two** 

- 53 particles/sq mile
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
  ~1,100 gallons of oil
  (twenty 55 gallon drums)

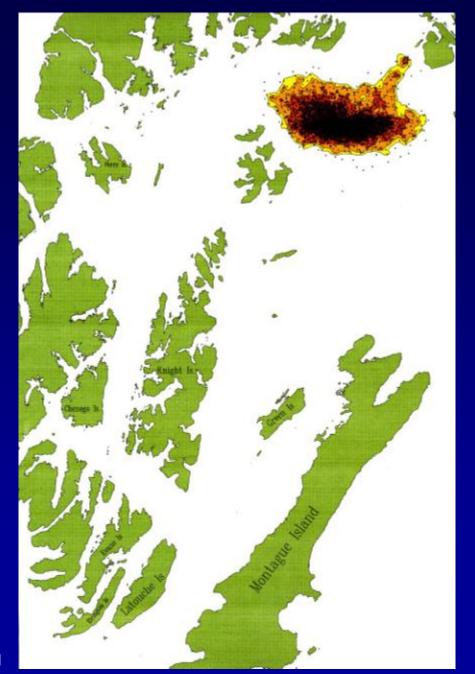


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 26, 1989

**Day Three** 

- **53 particles/sq mile**
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
  ~1,100 gallons of oil
  (twenty 55 gallon drums)

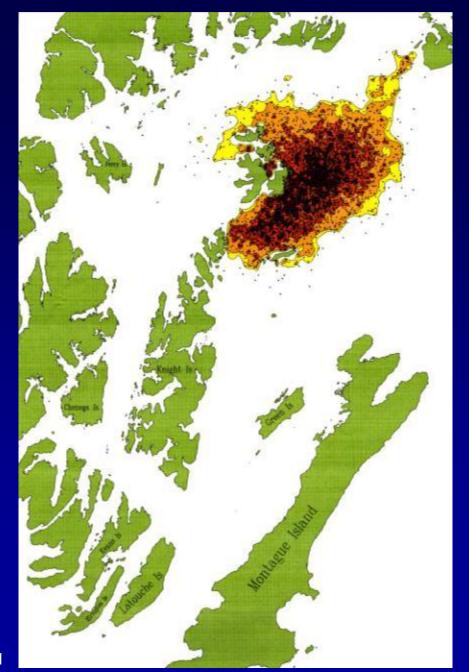


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 27, 1989

**Day Four** 

- **53 particles/sq mile**
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
  ~1,100 gallons of oil
  (twenty 55 gallon drums)

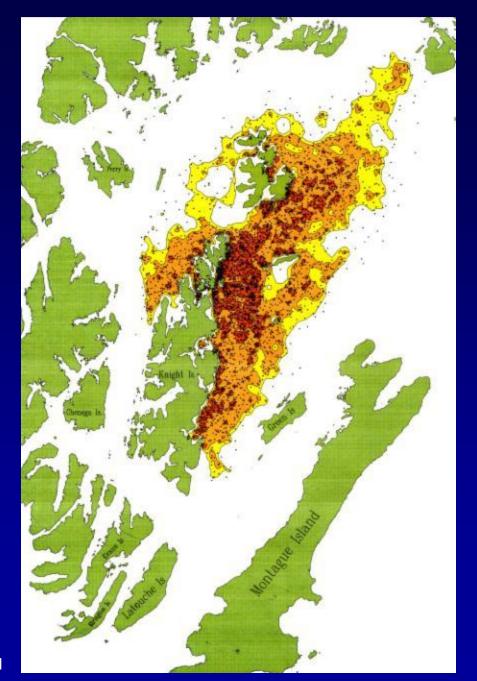


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 28, 1989

**Day Five** 

- **53 particles/sq mile**
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents~1,100 gallons of oil(twenty 55 gallon drums)

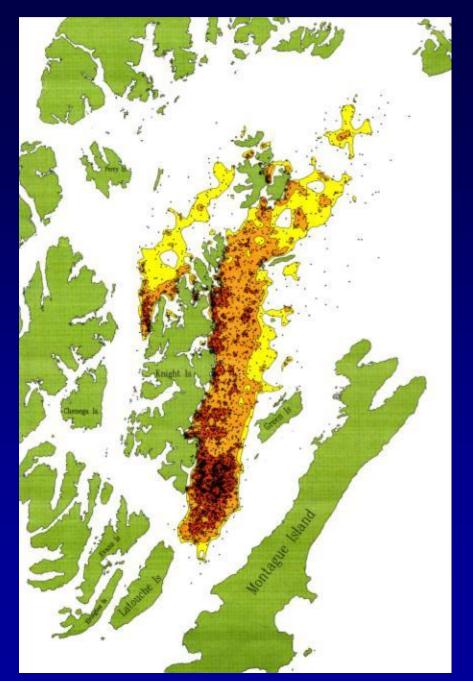


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 29, 1989

**Day Six** 

- 53 particles/sq mile
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
  ~1,100 gallons of oil
  (twenty 55 gallon drums)

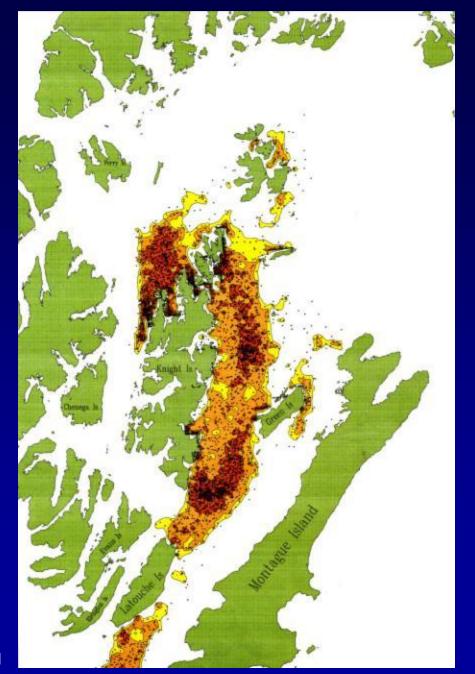


**NOAA HAZMAT Trajectory Model** 

March 30, 1989

**Day Six** 

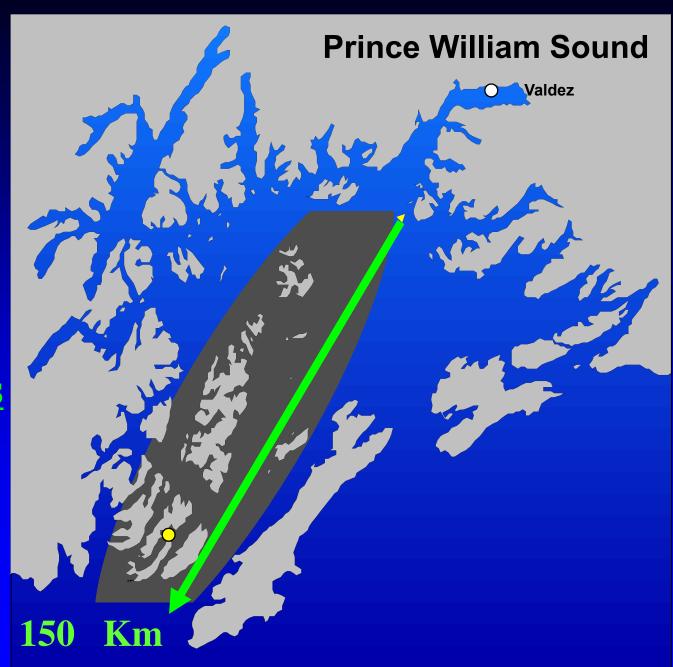
- 53 particles/sq mile
- 53 to 13 particles/sq mile
- 13 to 3 particles/sq mile
- 3 to 1 particles/sq mile
- Each particle represents
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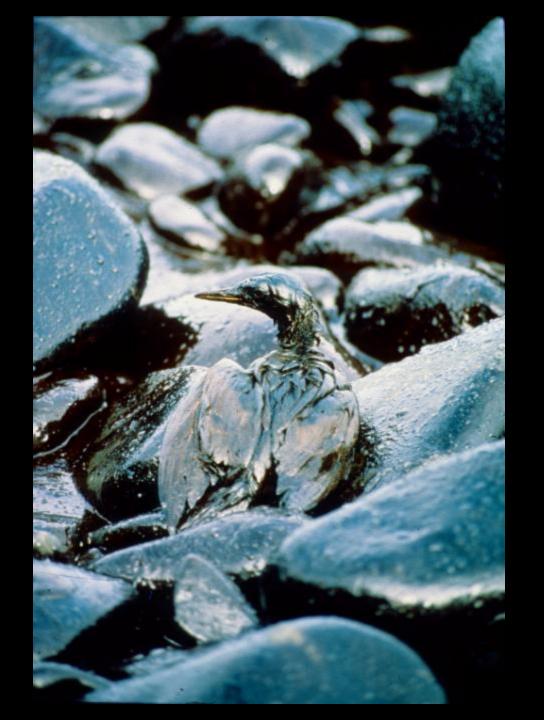
Spill Zone After the first week

11 Million gallons

70 Knot winds day 3









## **Predictable effects**





**Acute** wildlife loss estimates included:

**4000 Sea Otters 500,000 Birds** 

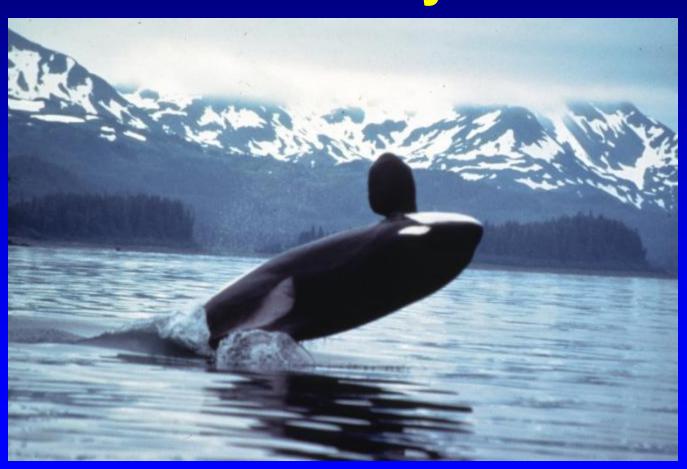
**Short Answer: Lots** 



## Second: UN- EXPECTED 5 big wows from the Exxon Valdez spill

Long Term Effects, persistence

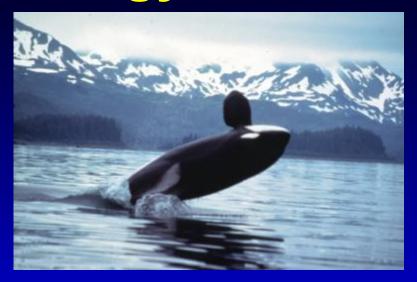
# Long term effects (Short term exposure) Killer Whale Story



### Killer Whale biology

**Long Lived** 

Low reproductive rates



Organized along Matri-lines

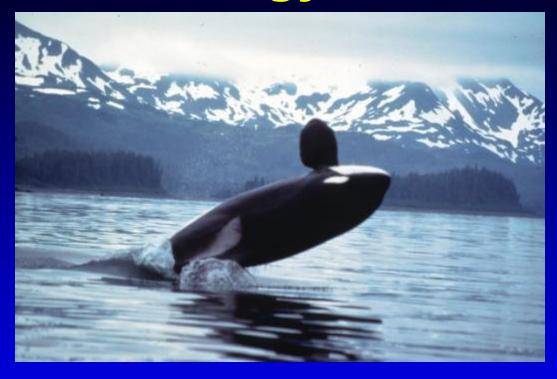
> discrete pods

Two types:

Residents-fish eating

Transients- Marine Mammal eating

## Killer Whale biology



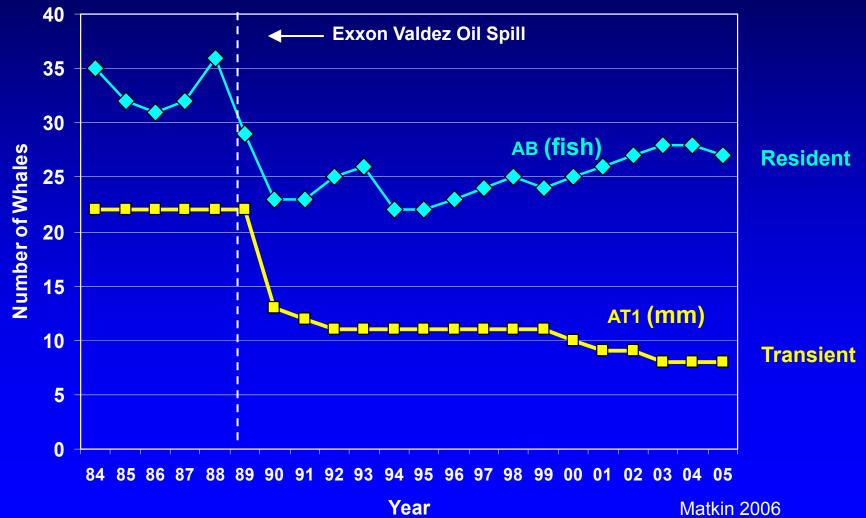
## Individuals photo-Identified since 1984

## Two pods photographed in oil slicks AB and AT1 pods



#### PWS Orca Survival After the Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Residents / Transients





# 2. Embryos are sensitive- PPB! Pink Salmon embryos 1989, plus 4 more years



Surprising, Perplexing





#### 1992-2000:

Lab Tests prove that exposed embryos to low doses will affect Adult returns

**Design:** 

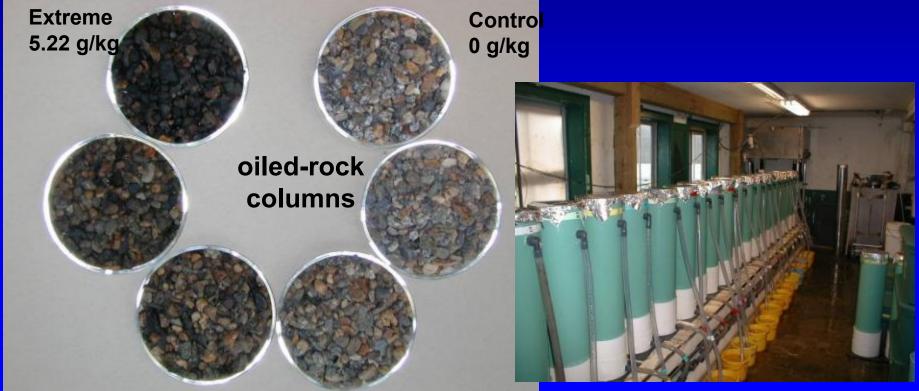
- -Long term exposures (Months)
- Low ppb exposures
- -Released tagged Fry
- Assess when Adults return



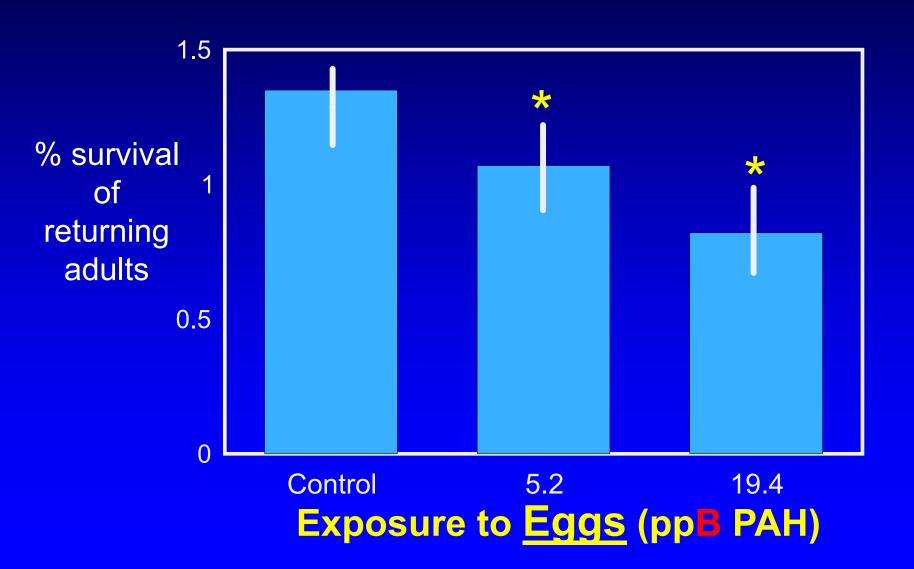
#### Pink Salmon Eggs

**Incubation in Oiled Rocks** 

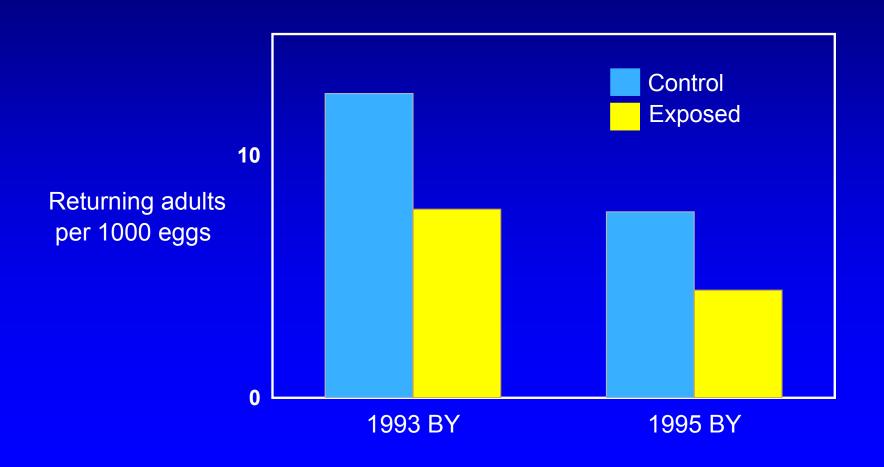




#### Adult Returns Reduced 20% at 5 PPB



## Adult returns Reduced (Eggs exposed in 18 ppB)



#### Pink Salmon Summary

ADFG- 4 year effect in Streams

ABL- Changed toxicity paradigm

Toxicity from ppM to ppB exposures

Fewer Adults return

#### 3. Oil persists -

How much? Where?

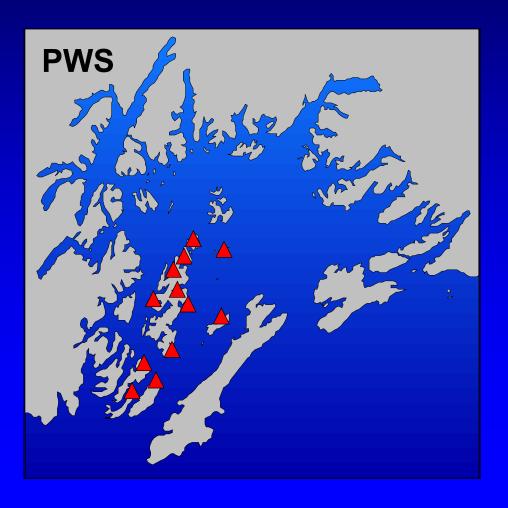
1999



#### Persistence?

2001 Survey: Yes!





#### 91 sites

- 53 sites with oil
- 38 sites without oil

(9000 pits, 1 summer)

#### Diggers Working in Boulder Field







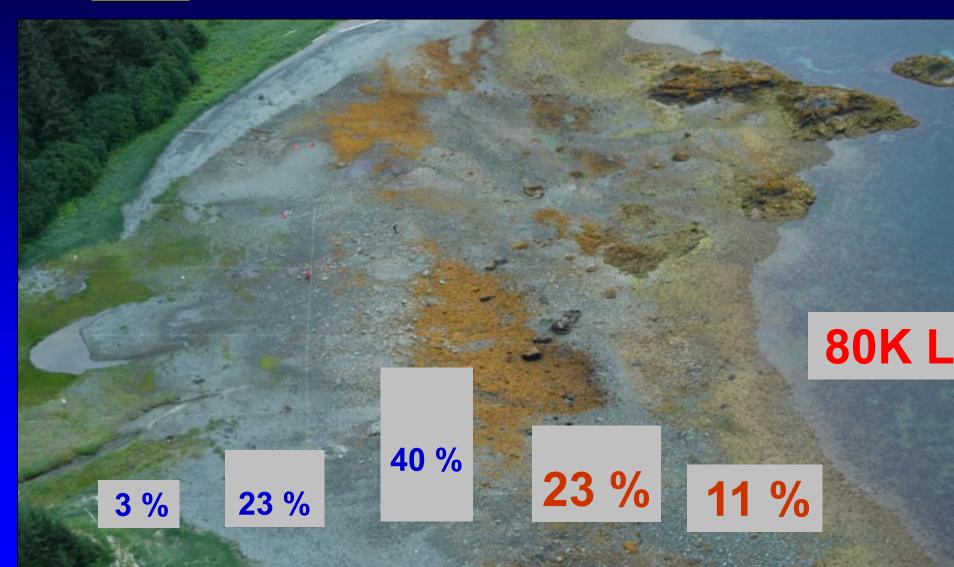
2001 **Subsurface Oil > Surface** 

> 80,000 L estimated





### Vertical Distribution of Intertidal Subsurface Oil 2001



#### **Summary of Oil Persistence**

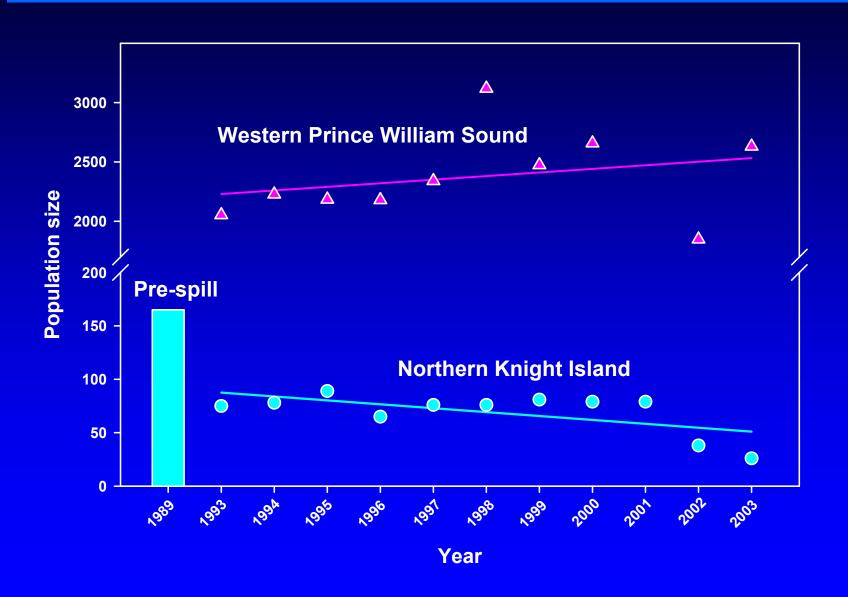
More oil than expected

Lots in the lower intertidal zone

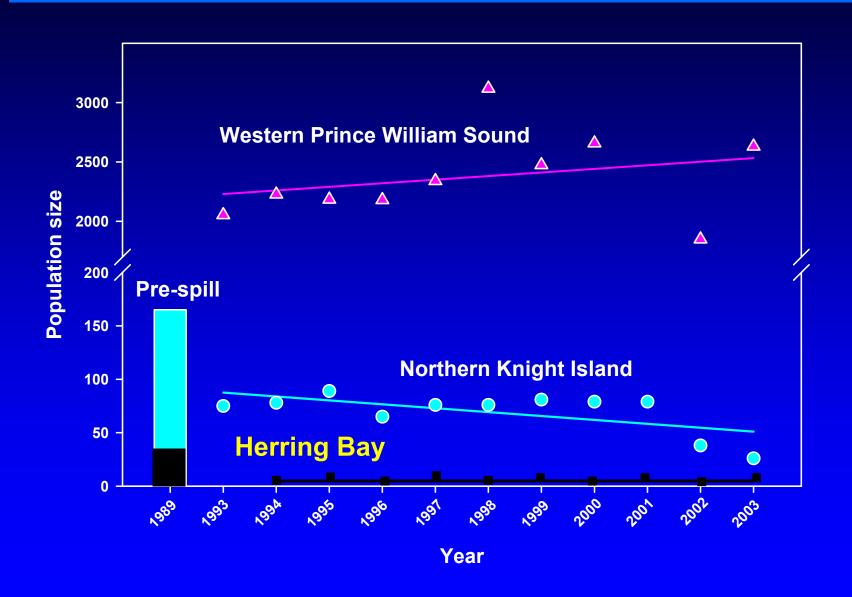
#### 4. Lingering oil impacts-Sea Otter Recovery for 20 yrs



#### Sea Otter Population Trends 1993-2003



#### Sea Otter Population Trends 1993-2003



#### Was it food?

#### Was it oil?

Recovery was Incomplete by Late 1990s





Both feed in the lower intertidal

Photo courtesy of R. Davis

# Both Need to eat A lot (winter)



► 25 %

Body Wt

Per day



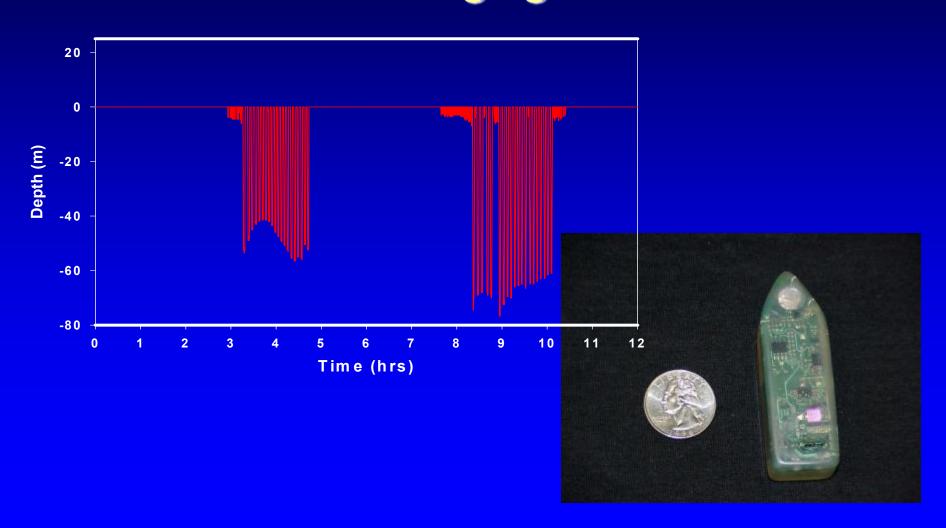
Photo courtesy of R. Davis







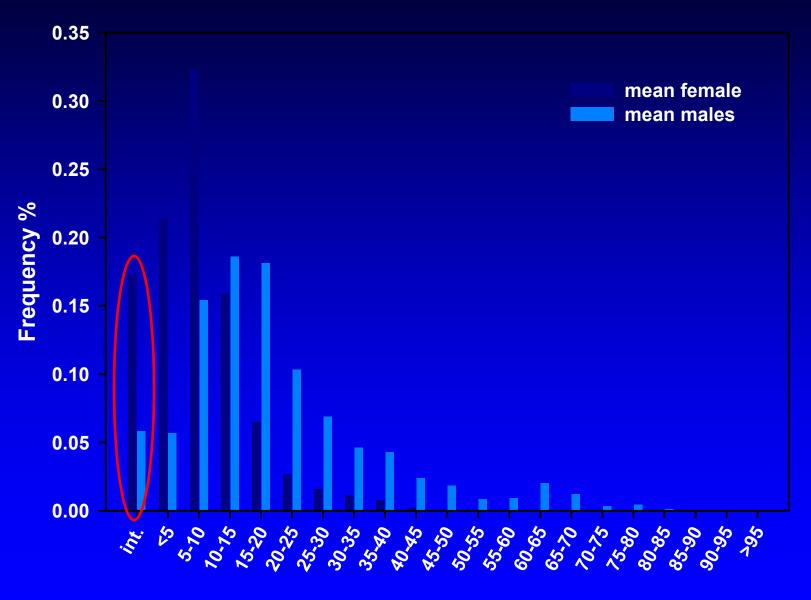
# Time Depth Recorder Implants to Estimate Extent of Intertidal Foraging



#### Shallow dives for Mothers with pups



#### Forage dive depth distributions 12 females and 4 males PWS 2003-2005



Depth (5 m bins)

### How many intertidal pits do they dig?

2003-2005 data, n=16



#### at N Knight Island

- 65 Otters dig about 200,000 pits / yr
- 4 million pits over 20 years

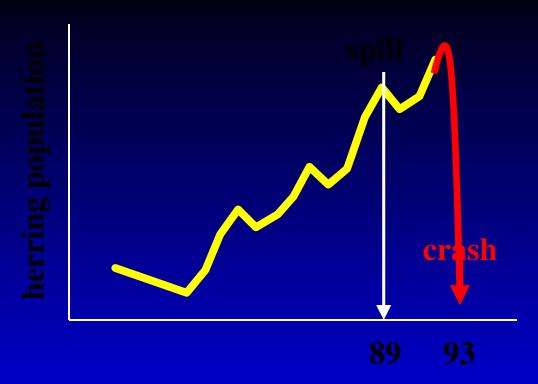


# 5. Watch out for the ecosystem surprises!



Pacific Herring of PWS continue to struggle in 2007

PWS Herring



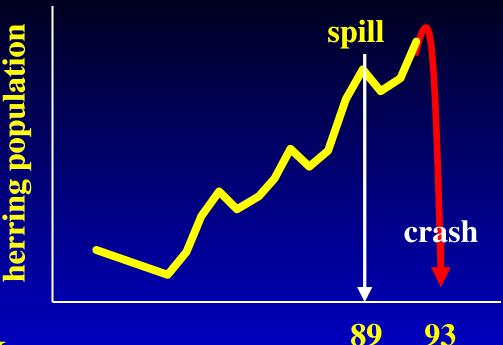
#### **Short Term Impacts**

- yes- 1989 yr class missing but did Not affect population

#### **Long Term Impacts**

- Huge crash; related to oil?

1993: Was it Oil?



Direct Oil? = No Indirect Oil? Possible? (no where else in AK has there been a crash)

#### **Big Problem**

- Recovery continues to be poor

#### Lack of Recovery- Why?

