

California Steelhead:
Management, Monitoring
and Recovery Efforts

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Steelhead Management, Research and Restoration Program



# **California Steelhead – Current Topics**

- > Federal status reviews completed in 2016
- Expand California Monitoring Plan
- > Lingering effects of drought
- > Localized effects of natural disasters
- > Implementation of recovery actions
- Implement CA HSRG and develop of HGMPs

# California Steelhead Distinct Population Segments (DPS)

Klamath Mountains Province

Status: Not warranted (2001)

Species of Special Concern

Northern California

Status: Threatened (2000)

Central California Coast

Status: Threatened (1997)

Central Valley

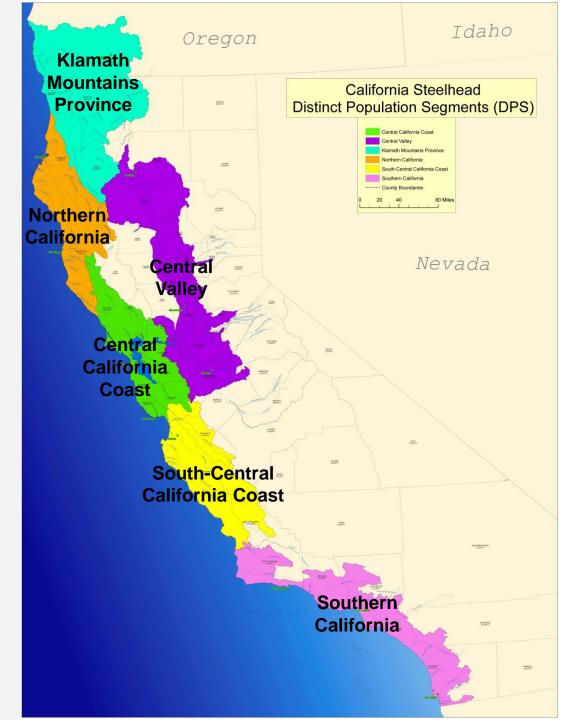
Status: Threatened (1998)

South-Central California Coast

Status: Threatened (1997)

Southern California

Status: Endangered (1997)



# Steelhead Ecotypes in California Waters

- Winter Steelhead (ocean maturing)
  - Present in all California DPS
  - Predominant run observed throughout California
  - > Enter freshwater in fall/winter and spawn within weeks to months upon entry
  - > Status highly variable throughout the State
  - Most difficult run to monitor population due to seasonal water conditions
- Fall Steelhead (stream maturing)
  - Observed in Trinity & Klamath watersheds in the Klamath Mountain Province DPS
  - > Enter freshwater in summer/fall and spawn late fall/winter
  - > Stock appears to be stable
  - Run timing coincides with Trinity River Hatchery Steelhead
- Summer Steelhead (steam maturing)
  - > 23 streams in the Klamath Mountains Province and Northern California DPS
  - Enter freshwater in spring and early summer, move to headwaters and hold over in deep pools and spawn late fall/winter
  - > Overall stock status is uncertain, but several individual populations appear stable
  - This life history is prone to threats and should be evaluated for additional protection measures
- "Half-Pounder" runs
  - Observed in the Klamath Mountains Province and Northern California DPS
  - > Defined as sub-adults that have spent 2-4 months in estuary or nearshore before returning to the river to overwinter

# **April 2016**

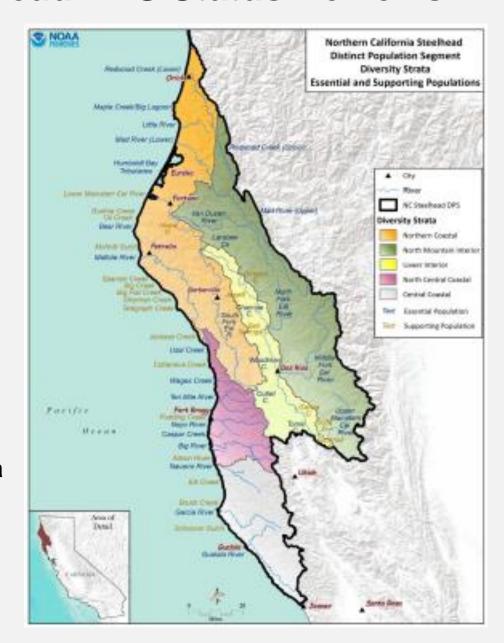
### **Northern California**

### Winter Steelhead

- > 5 YR trend/viability: Mixed
- > Present in all diversity strata
- > All extant populations remain
- ➤ No viable populations (N = 42)

### **Summer Steelhead**

- > Present in known diversity strata
- > Half of extant pops remain
- ➤ No viable populations (N = 10)



# **April 2016**

### **Central California Coast**

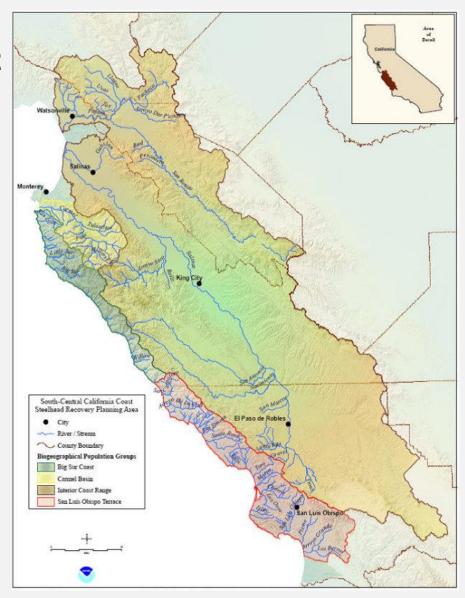
- > 5 YR trend/viability: Uncertain
- > Present in all diversity strata
- Some populations may be extirpated SF Bay Strata
- Observed increase in abundance for Santa Cruz Mtn stratum
- Russian River higher proportion of hatchery to natural origin
- Scott Ck (most studied) showing downward trend
- ➤ No viable populations (N = 37)



March 2016

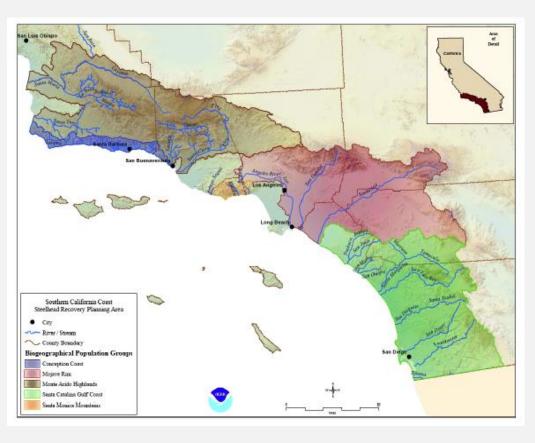
### **South-Central California Coast**

- > 5 YR trend/viability: Negative
- > Present in all diversity strata
- > Lingering effects of drought
- Continuing decline on Carmel River
  - Decline in survival of in-river smolts
  - Reliance on rescued smolts at intermediate rearing facility
  - Removal of San Clemente Dam and river restoration in 2015
- No viable populations (N = 13)



### Southern California

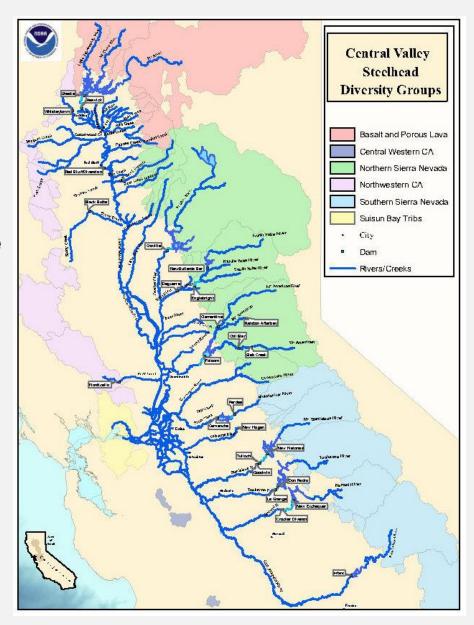
- > 5 YR trend/viability: Uncertain
- > Present in all diversity strata
- > Extirpation of native stocks
- Substantial introgression of hatchery rainbow trout in two BPGs
  - > Mojave Rim
  - Catalina Gulf Coast
- > Lingering effects of drought
- ➤ No viable populations (N = 18)



# May 2016

## **California Central Valley**

- > 5 YR trend/viability: Uncertain
- Widely distributed throughout the valley
- > Positive trend for Clear Creek
- Dominated by hatchery origin fish
- Mokelumne River Hatchery fish included in DPS
- ➤ No viable populations (N = 81)



# **CA Steelhead Recovery and Management Plans**

Northern California DPS – NMFS October 2016

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected\_species/salmon\_steelhead/recovery\_planning\_and\_implementation/nor\_th\_central\_california\_coast/coastal\_multispecies\_recovery\_plan.html

Central California Coast DPS – NMFS October 2016

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected\_species/salmon\_steelhead/recovery\_planning\_and\_implementation/north\_central\_california\_coast/coastal\_multispecies\_recovery\_plan.html

California Central Valley DPS – NMFS July 2014

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected\_species/salmon\_steelhead/recovery\_planning\_and\_implementation/california\_central\_valley/california\_central\_valley\_recovery\_plan\_documents.html

South-Central California Coast DPS – NMFS December 2013

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected\_species/salmon\_steelhead/recovery\_planning\_and\_implementation/south\_central\_southern\_california\_coast/south\_central\_southern\_california\_coast/south\_central\_southern\_california\_coast\_recovery\_plan\_documents.html

Southern California DPS – NMFS January 2012

http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected\_species/salmon\_steelhead/recovery\_planning\_and\_implementation/south\_central\_southern\_california\_coast/south\_central\_southern\_california\_coast\_recovery\_plan\_documents.html

Steelhead Restoration and Management Plan for California - CDFW Feb 1996

https://nrm.dfg.ca.gov/FileHandler.ashx?DocumentID=3490&inline

> Fish Species of Special Concern in California - CDFW July 2016

https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/SSC/Fishes

# **Coastal Steelhead Populations Threats**

- Poor forest and land use practices
- Habitat blockages and degradation
- Passage barriers Dams and diversions
- Elevated water temperatures
- Dewatering from irrigation
- Lagoon breaching
- Invasive plant species
- Urbanization and channelization
- Fish predation
- Non-native fish competition
- Drought



San Lorenzo River, Santa Cruz

og Jams

# Thomas Fire and Montecito Mudslide Southern California



Matilija Creek Tributary to Ventura River Ventura County





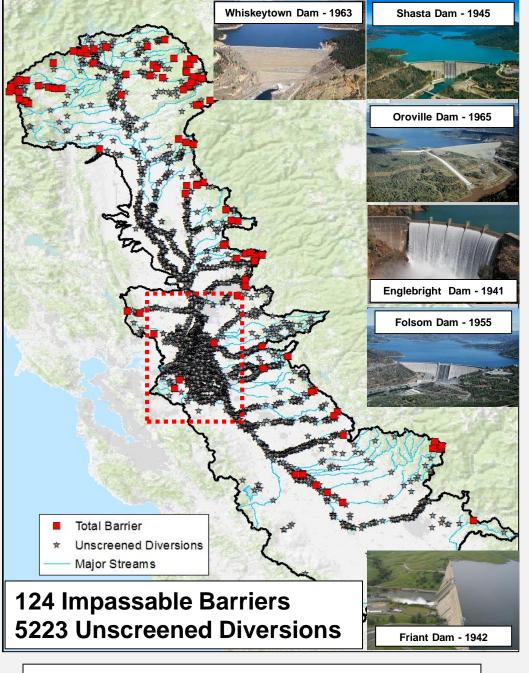
Gabernador Creek
Tributary to Carpinteria Creek
Santa Barbara County



# Central Valley Steelhead Population Threats

- Dams (13 major reservoirs)
  - Habitat blockages and loss
  - > Habitat degradation
- Water Management
  - Diversions and dewatering
  - Poor water quality
- Predation
- Migration paths in Delta
- > Drought





~ 80% of historical habitat unavailable

# Oroville Dam Spillway Failure – Feather River



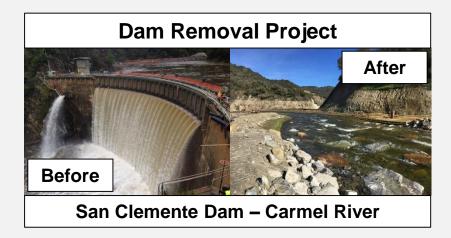
- Occurred in February 2017
- Extended high discharge 100K (~ 2 weeks)
  - > Scour of newly constructed redds
  - High amounts of debris and siltation
- > Dramatic reduction in flow 50K cfs to 600 cfs
  - Stranding of yearling and adult steelhead
  - 51 rescued and 36 dead

# Restoration Efforts for Steelhead in California

### Restoration actions include:

- Estuary enhancements
- Invasive plant removal
- Predator removal
- Riparian enhancement
- Barrier removals
- Gravel augmentation
- Stream channel enhancement
- Water user agreements
- Land acquisitions







- Primary funding source:
  - CDFW Fisheries Restoration
     Grant Program

### California Steelhead Report and Restoration Card Program

### Program established in 1993 with the following objectives:

- 1. Gather angler data to provide catch data
  - Effort, origin, harvest and location
  - Tool for fisheries management decisions
- 2. Generate revenue for steelhead projects
  - Funds are prioritized for projects that can provide angler benefit through restoration, monitoring and education.
  - > ~ 3.55 M dedicated to 169 projects to date

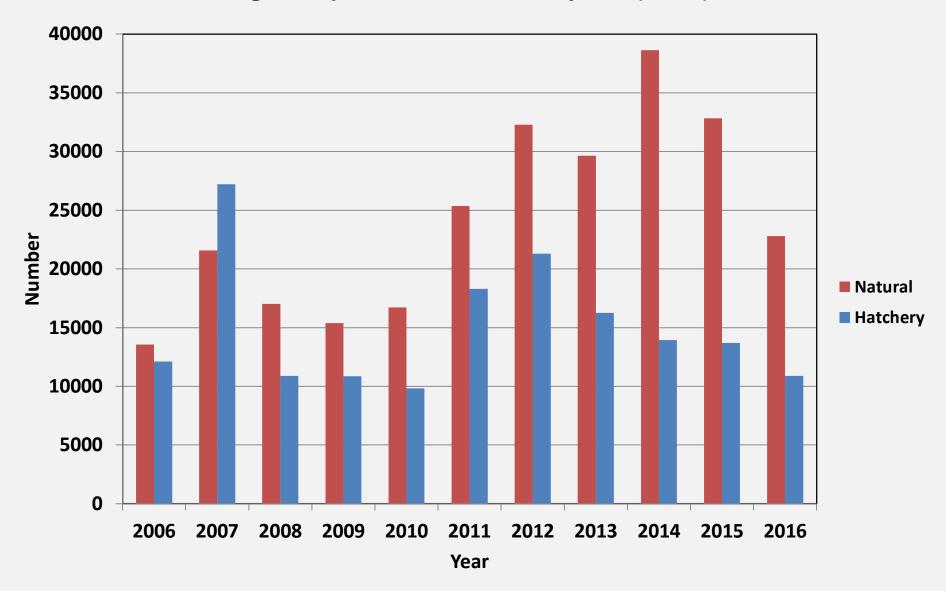
### **Data Reporting**

- Mandatory reporting in 2003
- ~ 55,000 Cards purchased annually
  - > ~ 25% annual return rate
- Online reporting available in 2011
  - > Observed shift from mail to online reporting, but not an increase in return rate
- Data are not used to make population estimates
- > Detailed information and program reports available:

https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/Inland-Fisheries/Steelhead-Report-Card

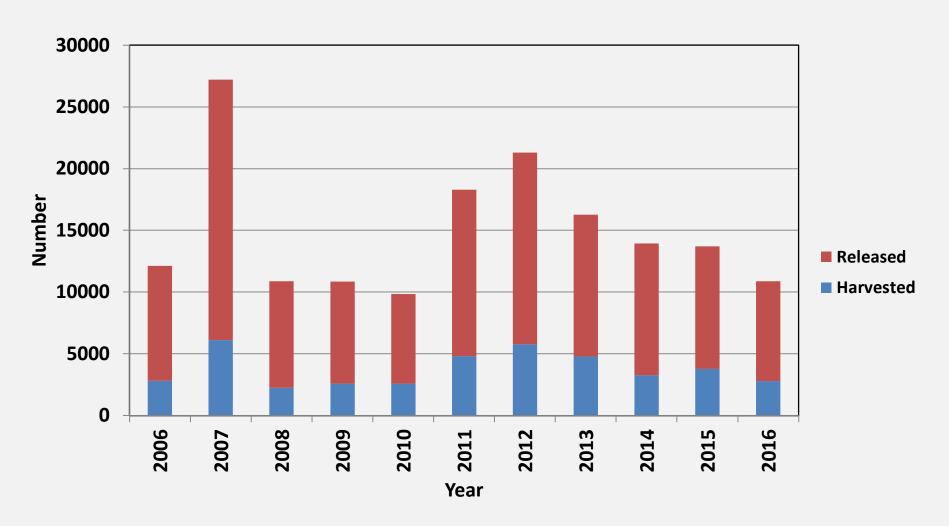
### California Steelhead Report Card Data

Statewide Angler Reported Catch of *O. mykiss* (> 16") 2006-2016



### California Steelhead Report Card Data

Reported Harvest of Hatchery-origin *O. mykiss* (> 16") 2006-2016



- Statewide daily bag and possession limits are 2 and 4
- ~25% reported harvest of hatchery fish annually

# California Steelhead Monitoring Plans:

#### **California Coast:**

- California Coastal Salmonid population Monitoring: Strategy, Design, and Methods.
  - > (CDFG Fish Bulletin 180, 2011)

### **California Central Valley:**

- A Comprehensive Monitoring Plan for Steelhead in the California Central Valley
  - > (CDFG 2010)
- Implementation Plan for the Central Valley Steelhead Monitoring Plan
  - > (CDFW 2014)

### **Monitoring Techniques:**

- Life Cycle Monitoring Stations
- VAKI and Video Stations
- > DIDSON Stations
- Weirs and Fish Traps
- REDD Surveys
- > Snorkel Surveys
- Acoustic Telemetry

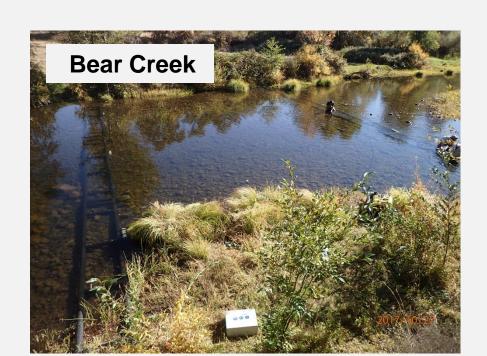


# **CV Steelhead Monitoring Program**



- Large Wire Fyke Traps
- Resistance Board Weirs with video/sonar monitoring
- VAKI units in ladders
- > PIT antenna arrays





# California Hatchery Program Reviews

### **Eight facilities statewide**

- Central Valley (4)
- Coastal (4)

#### **Issues include:**

- Reducing inbreeding
- Increasing natural origin broodstock
- Evaluating Kelt reconditioning
- Re-establishing proper stock on American River
- Iron Gate program collapse



For detailed information: http://cahatcheryreview.com

# CALIFORNIA STEELHEAD SUMMARY

- Steelhead stocks in California appear to be stable to declining
- Need consistent water supply and unimpeded passage
- Need to implement identified recovery actions
- Need implementation of monitoring programs & data collection
- Need to continue to address & alleviate threats
- Need baseline funding for population assessment and restoration





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